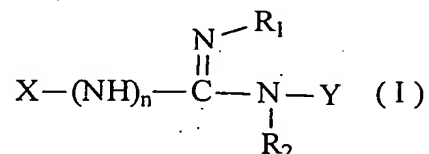


CLAIMS

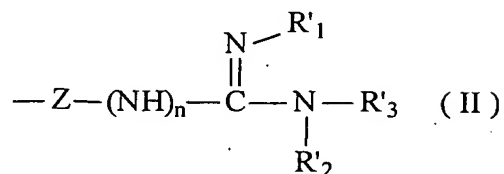
1/ Compounds having an anti-parasitic, in particular antimalarial, activity characterized in that they correspond to general formula (I)



5

in which

- either X represents a group of formula (II)



where Z is a $-(CH_2)_m$ group, with $m = 8$ to 21 ,

10

$n = 0$ or 1

and $Y = R_3$,

. R_1 and R'_1 , identical to or different from one another, being chosen from H, alkyl, aryl, OH, O-alkyl, O-aryl, O-CO-alkyl, O-CO-aryl, O-CO-O(or S or NH)-alkyl, O-CO-O(or S or NH)-aryl, PO(O-alkyl or O-aryl)₂, CO-O-CH₂-aryl, cycloalkyl,

15

. R_2 and R'_2 , identical to or different from one another, being chosen from H, alkyl, CO-O-CH₂-aryl, CO-O-alkyl, cycloalkyl,

. R_3 and R'_3 , identical to or different from one another, representing H, alkyl, aryl, CO-O-alkyl, CO-O-aryl, COO-CH(R)-O-CO-alkyl, PO(O-alkyl or O-aryl or ONa)₂, CO-O-CH(R)-aryl,

. R being H or alkyl,

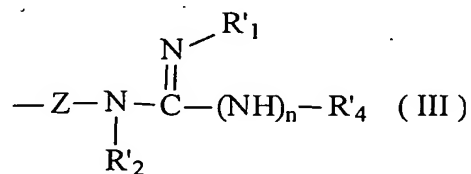
or

. R₁ and R₂, and/or R'₁ and R'₂, or R₂ and R₃ and/or R'₂ and R'₃, together form a heterocycle with the nitrogen atom or atoms to which they are respectively attached,

5 or also,

. R₂ and R₃ and/or R'₂ and R'₃ can be the same substituent, double-bonded to the nitrogen, cyclized with, respectively, R₁ or R'₁ in order to form a heterocycle, if appropriate substituted by R_a, which is chosen from H, alkyl, alkyl substituted by 1, 2 or 3 halogen atoms, aryl, CO-O-alkyl (or aryl), -CO-OH, -CO-NH₂, -CN, -CO-NH-alkyl (or aryl), -CO-N-(alkyl)₂, nitrogenated and/or oxygenated -CO-heterocycle, NH(H or alkyl), N(alkyl)₂, nitrogenated and/or oxygenated heterocycle, -O-alkyl (or aryl), -O-CH₂-aryl, CH₂N[H, (H, alkyl), (dialkyl), aryl], nitrogenated and/or oxygenated -CH₂-heterocycle, CH₂-CO-OH,

- or X = R₄ and Y represents a group of formula (III)



15 with n and Z as defined above,

. R₁ and R'₁, identical to or different from one another, being chosen from H, OH, O-alkyl, O-CO-O-alkyl (or aryl), O-CO-S-alkyl, O-CO-alkyl (or aryl), O-CO-NH-alkyl (or aryl),

R₁ and R'₁, identical to or different from one another, being chosen from H, alkyl, aryl, OH, O-alkyl, O-aryl, O-CO-alkyl, O-CO-aryl, O-CO-O(or S or NH)-alkyl, O-CO-O(or S or NH)-aryl, PO(O-alkyl or O-aryl)₂, CO-O-CH₂-aryl, cycloalkyl,

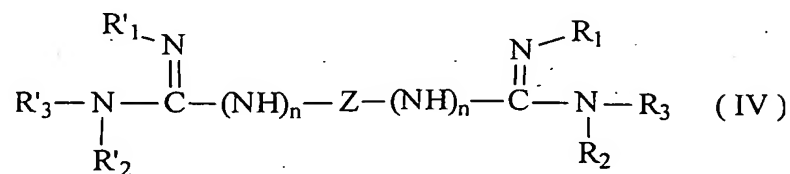
R₄ and R'₄ represent an H or alkyl, and

5 : R₂ and R'₂, identical to or different from one another, being chosen from H, alkyl, CO-O-CH₂-aryl, CO-O-alkyl cycloalkyl, or

R₁ and R₄ and/or R'₁ and R'₄ together form a -(CH₂)_p group, p being an integer from 3 to 5, and R₂ and R'₂ representing H, or R₄ and R₂ and/or R'₄ and R'₂ together form a -(CH₂)_p group, R₁ and R'₁ representing H, and

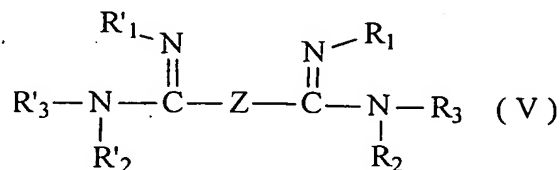
10 the pharmacologically acceptable salts of these compounds.

2/ Compounds according to claim 1, characterized in that they correspond to formula (IV)



in which n, Z, R₁, R'₁, R₂, R'₂, R₃ and R'₃ are as defined in claim 1.

15 3/ Compounds according to claim 2, characterized in that they correspond to formula (V)



in which Z, R₁, R'₁, R₂, R'₂, R₃ and R'₃ are as defined in claim 1.

4/ Compounds according to claim 3, characterized in that R₁, R'₁, R₂, R'₂, R₃ and R'₃ are independent of one another.

5/ Compounds according to claim 4, characterized in that R₁ and/or R'₁ are
5 as defined above, but do not represent a hydrogen atom, whilst R₃ and/or R'₃, R₂ and/or R'₂, represent a hydrogen atom, R₁, R₂ and R₃.

6/ Compounds according to claim 5, characterized in that R₁ and/or R'₁, and R₂ and/or R'₂ represent a hydrogen atom, whilst R₃ and/or R'₃ are as defined above, but different from a hydrogen atom.

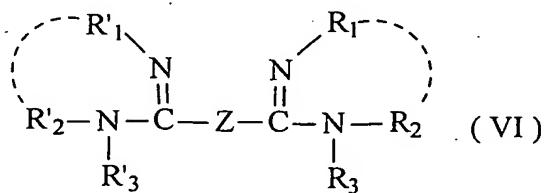
10 7/ Compounds according to claim 3, characterized in that

– R₁ and R₂, and/or R'₁ and R'₂, or

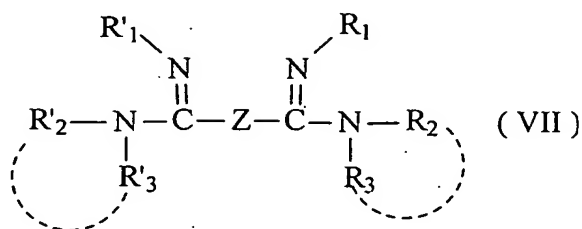
– R₂ and R₃, and/or R'₂ and R'₃, or

– R₁, R₂ and R₃ and/or R'₁, R'₂ and R'₃ together form a heterocycle.

8/ Compounds according to claim 7, characterized in that R₁ and R₂ as well as
15 R'₁ and R'₂ form a heterocycle and correspond to formula (VI)



9/ Compounds according to claim 7, characterized in that they correspond to formula (VII)

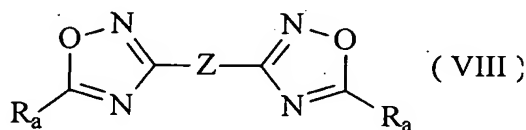


10/ Compounds according to claim 8, characterized in that formula (VI) R_1 and R_2 and/or R'_1 and R'_2 together form an $-\text{O}-\text{CO}-$, $\text{O}-\text{SO}-$, $\text{O}-\text{CS}$, $\text{S}-\text{CO}$ or $-\text{S}-\text{CS}$ group, and R_3 and/or R'_3 represent a hydrogen atom.

11/ Compounds according to claim 8, characterized in that R_1 and R_2 , and/or R'_1 and R'_2 represent an optionally branched alkylene group and R_3 and/or R'_3 represent $-\text{CO}-\text{O}-\text{alkyl}$ (or aryl), $-\text{CO}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{aryl}$, $\text{CO}-\text{O}-\text{CH}(\text{alkyl})-\text{O}-\text{CO}-\text{alkyl}$, $\text{PO}(\text{O}-\text{alkyl or -aryl})_2$, alkyl or H.

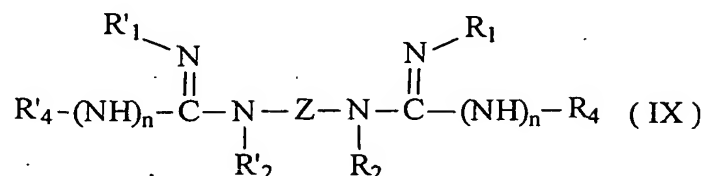
12/ Compounds according to claim 9, characterized in that R_1 and/or R'_1 represent a hydrogen atom, and R_2 and R_3 , and/or R'_2 and/or R'_3 represent a $-(\text{CH}_2)_p$ -group.

13/ Compounds according to claim 2, characterized in that R_2 and R_3 and/or R'_2 and R'_3 form the same substituent and form together with R_1 or respectively R'_1 a bis-oxadiazole of formula (VIII.)

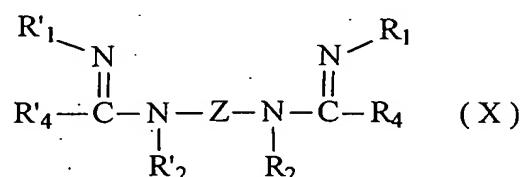


in which R_a is as defined above.

14/ Compounds according to claim 1, characterized in that they correspond to formula (IX)



15/ Compounds according to claim 14, characterized in that $\text{Z} = -(\text{CH}_2)_m$ and $n = 0$, the compounds corresponding to the formula (X)



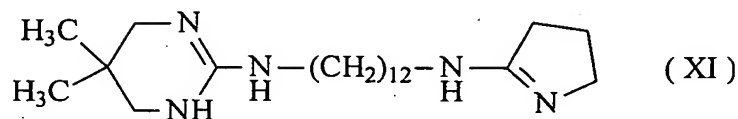
16/ Compounds according to claim 15, characterized in that the substituents are independent of one another.

17/ Compounds according to claim 16, characterized in that R_1 and R_4 and/or R'_1 and R'_4 are as defined above and R_2 and R'_2 represent a hydrogen atom.

18/ Compounds according to claim 16, characterized in that R_1 and R_4 and/or R'_1 and R'_4 together represent a $-(\text{CH}_2)_p$ - group where p is an integer from 3 to 5 and R_2 and R'_2 represent H.

19/ Compounds according to claim 16, characterized in that R_1 and R'_1 represent H and R_4 and R_2 and/or R'_4 and R'_2 together represent a $-(\text{CH}_2)_p$ - group where p is an integer from 3 to 5.

20/ Compound according to claim 16, characterized in that it corresponds to formula (XI)



5 21/ Process for obtaining carbamates and of N-phosphorylated derivatives of general formula (V), characterized in that it comprises the reaction in a diphasic medium of the bisamidine compounds of general formula (V) in which R₃ and R'₃ = H with a Cl-R₃ (or R'₃) derivative where R₃ and R'₃ are as defined above and different from H.

10 22/ Process for obtaining amidoxime derivatives of general formula (X), characterized in that it comprises the reaction in a basic medium of the bisamidoximes of general formula (X) in which R₁ and R'₁ = OH and the appropriate reagent.

15 23/ Process according to claim 22, characterized in that in order to obtain compounds of general formula (VI) group a2 and (VIII) group a4 defined above, intramolecular cyclization of amidoxime or of amidoxime derivatives previously defined by general formula (V) group a1 is carried out in the presence of the appropriate reagent.

20 24/ Pharmaceutical compositions, characterized in that they contain an effective quantity of at least one compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 20 in association with an inert pharmaceutical vehicle.

25/ Pharmaceutical compositions according to claim 24, characterized in that they can be administered by oral route, by injectable route, or also by rectal route.

26/ Compositions according to claim 24 or 25 for the treatment of infectious diseases, in particular malaria, characterized in that they comprise an effective
5 quantity of the compounds according to any one of claims 1 to 20.

27/ Use of at least one compound according to any one of claims 1 to 20 in order to produce medicaments for the treatment of anti-parasitic diseases, in particular malaria.

28/ Use of at least one compound according to any one of claims 1 to 20 in
10 order to produce medicaments for the treatment of anti-parasitic diseases, in particular malaria and babesioses.